

AROUND THE WORLD WITH THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.

Public Health Nursing.



In the midst of its multifarious war duties the American Red Cross did not neglect its obligations to the civilian population at home. Throughout the conflict it maintained its Bureau of Public Health Nursing, instruction in first aid, home nursing and sanitation, and disaster relief. Particularly in their work for the babies was effort by public health nurses important. The accompanying photograph shows a Red Cross public health nurse instructing a mother in the proper preparation of the baby's diet.

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In the Arctic Circle.



Wherever American soldiers went during the war and after, there also went the American Red Cross. This policy carried Red Cross workers to far corners of the globe and here they are seen near the rim of everlasting ice and snow in North Russia. Automobiles were used whenever possible but on many journeys the reindeer pictured here proved most effective.

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Home Service.



One of the finest constructive activities of the American Red Cross in the war was Home Service in the United States, the friendly connecting link between the soldier far from home and his loved ones. This branch of the work which under the peace program of the Red Cross will be expanded to benefit all who need the assistance it can provide, is directed by scientifically trained social workers. Since instituted Home Service has assisted 800,000 soldiers' and sailors' families. This photograph shows one of the innumerable Home Service information bureaus where service men and their families could bring their problems for solution.

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Repatriating Prisoners.



When hostilities ceased there were in the hands of their Teuton captors millions of prisoners of war of all Allied countries, the terrible plight of whom is well known to all the world. Red Cross workers, carrying relief supplies of clothing, medicines and supplementary foodstuffs, penetrated the Central Powers as soon after the armistice as the military authorities would permit, and the work of getting the prisoners started back to their own countries was soon begun. In this photograph a group of those men are seen packed up and restored to something like normal health, awaiting the train that will carry them out of bondage.

BOTH PARTIES IN CHILDREN'S DRIVE

Plan to Build Farm Home for Kentucky Waifs Supported By Candidates

A BUSINESS PROPOSITION

There are a number of things on which the Republican and the Democratic parties of Kentucky disagree, but there is one thing for which both are working during the turmoil just before election time. It is for the campaign to raise \$500,000 to build the new "village of cottages" on a track of land ten miles from Louisville, in which to care for the destitute children of Kentucky. School children all over the state are contributing their savings for the new home.

"Anything that our own kiddies are for, is not to be overlooked by either party," declared one prominent candidate of the state as he closed a stump speech. "That is one reason why I am pushing for a drive, and that is why our opponents are doing the same. But that is not all the reason. The new Children's Home is a thing that is needed for our own public welfare. The present location is congested, and the surroundings are a detriment to the moral and physical welfare of homeless and helpless children of our state. They deserve good care under good surroundings, out on a wholesome farm where they can work and play under favorable conditions and become good citizens."

Business With Charity. "It is a business proposition to put them where the older children can work and learn scientific farming and dairying, and make the institution self-supporting, and, at the same time, develop themselves so that they can be adopted into homes where they can be useful to the family and to the community."

"And it is a business proposition to every citizen in every county. The Kentucky Children's Home Society takes the destitute children from this very county and cares for them, where otherwise they would be kept at the county poorhouse, where they would be an expense to the county, in the first place, and a menace to us after they grew up as paupers under such sordid conditions. That was the way conditions were twenty-five years ago before the Kentucky Children's Society was founded. There may be charity in a thing like this—and it is charity in the case of the school children who are giving their savings for the cause, but for you citizens, for myself, and for my political opponents, it is a pure case of duty and sound business."

In some ways, however, the political situation is detrimental to the drive, according to George I. Schoon, superintendent of the Kentucky Children's Home Society. In the turmoil of the campaign many prominent men of the state who otherwise would be devoting their whole time to the Children's Home Drive are busy in party work. The drive, which will take place from October 27 to 31, is right on the eve of the election, when the citizens of the state are keyed up to other interests.

"It will be for the children and for the individual citizens to go forward and see it through," Mr. Schoon said. "It has the endorsement of the Governor and other prominent officials of the state. Ministers of all denominations are devoting a sermon to the interest of the cause that affects us all. It will go through successfully, but it will need our co-operation."

OVERSEAS NURSES TURN TO PUBLIC HEALTH WORK

FIFTY Red Cross nurses, most of them recently returned from overseas service, are to meet in Cleveland, Sept. 15-20, to discuss means of preventing disease. They have chosen as their peace-time occupation the teaching of home hygiene and dietetics to women and girls outside the nursing profession, and hope in this way to increase the number marching with the American Red Cross in its advance against disease.

CAMP WORKERS AID MEN RETURNING TO CIVILIAN LIFE

RED Cross Home Service workers in Camp Taylor (Ky.) and Camp Sherman (O.) have found their assistance required more and more as time passes by soldiers returning to civilian life who need aid in making the change. During July 24,677 men passed through the Kentucky demobilization camp and of this number 2,502 new cases are recorded in the camp Home Service records. In addition 2,270 men applied for information, mostly in regard to insurance. This total puts Camp Taylor at the head of the list for all camps in the country in volume of work of this kind. Camp Sherman stands third.

CHINESE BECOME SOCIAL PIONEERS

Men and Women Form Good Fellowship Club Together Under Y. W. C. A. Leadership.

The Good Fellowship Club has made its appearance in society in Hanchow, China.

It began with the desire of a progressive young Chinese doctor to give his compatriots, especially the Christians, some healthful form of social intercourse. Channels for a good, clean, social life among Chinese people are very limited. Until recently becoming a Christian often meant cutting oneself off from one's friends and relatives, also from feast days and festivals. As for joint meetings of men and women—well, such a thing was never heard of in decent society.

The young doctor's plan of having a club where men and their wives might come together to enjoy a good time with each other was discouraged and snuffed at. However, a few people agreed to be pioneers in the cause of social intercourse, and Y. W. C. A. secretaries agreed to help make the club a success.

At first the meetings of the club were laughed at by outsiders and the whole affair considered a joke. However, the members kept on meeting, first at one house and then at another. Soon the men got over the feeling of strangeness at starting out with their wives on Tuesday evening for a friend's home. The women began to enjoy the outing and to take part in the discussions—an intelligent part too—much to the surprise of their husbands.

The membership grew. The club's fame began to spread. At first the discussions of the club were conducted in English. Soon it became necessary for them to be carried on in Chinese so that more of the women could understand and take part. Many of the doctors began to apply for admission. The members began indulging in much friendly chaffing and occasionally forgot their dignity to play jokes on one another. Finally it became so large that it had to be divided into two sections, which met separately three Tuesday evenings in the month and on the fourth Tuesday met together for a joint session, with a special program.

Students just returned from American and German colleges, an old Buddhist scholar who is particularly interested in the discussion on Buddhism and Christianity, merchants, railroad and government officials compose the men's side of the room. The women are still a bit shy about talking in front of so many people, but many of them show signs of great executive ability and power of leadership. They are all well poised, clear thinking individuals, who will have a great influence on China's future. They discuss among themselves group meetings in their various churches, the lack of amusements for Chinese women, social service work, subscription lists for the orphanage, cake making, types of stoves, baby diets, the latest engagement and other topics such as one would hear discussed by a group of women gathered together any place in America.

The social part of the evening is given over to games, which at first astounded the sober Chinese gentlemen, but which they take up with great zest after the first evening. And their wives enjoy it just as greatly. Real American pleasures are the latest thing which the club has tried, and they are a great success. A Christmas play is being planned now.

ENGLISH IS COMMON TONGUE.

Chinese Girls Learn to Talk to One Another. Chinese women students in the Tung Fu College, Peking, China, are obliged to learn English in order to talk with one another because of the different dialects used by the student body. Girls from the extreme western provinces of China, who attend the school, must remain in Peking during all of the eight years required for their high school and college training, because to return each summer would require six weeks for the trip one way and would cost more than a trip to America and return. Girls from each of the western provinces speak a different language and they cannot understand one another any more than they can the girls from northern, southern, eastern or central provinces. Hence, they have adopted English as a common tongue.

NEW SCHOOL FOR CHINA.

Y. W. C. A. Secures New Site for Girls' Physical Training School. A new home has been found for the Physical Training School which the Young Women's Christian Association has opened for native girls in Shanghai, China. The school, while in the country, is not far distant from the National Headquarters of the Y. W. C. A. in Shanghai nor far from the local Y. W. C. A. The grounds cover eighteen "mow," which means approximately six acres, and are divided by a private road. A foreign residence already on the grounds will be used by the American teachers, while native buildings on the other side will furnish living quarters and classrooms for the 35 students. The grounds boast a garden, tennis courts and an athletic field.

MADGE

Murphy Clark, of Deephole, spent Saturday night with Don and Charlie May.

Fred Bradley and daughter Goldie spent Sunday with relatives at Deephole.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Haws were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Berry Sunday evening.

Mrs. K. M. Chaffin, of Twin Branch was shopping here Monday.

V. R. Pigg, of Busseyville, was a business visitor here Monday.

Ella Large, of Smoky Valley, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Miss Dell May was shopping at Osie Monday.

Miss Mary Bradley was spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. L. E. Wallace of Louisa.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave May and children of Ellen, spent Sunday night with R. T. May and family.

Miss Inez Wellman was in Louisa Monday having dental work done.

John Nelson made a business trip to Ashland Monday.

Miss Bessie Bradley spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks.

Misses Beattie Clarkson and Nannie Nolen were the guests of Miss Inez Wellman Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Burchett spent Sunday evening with relatives at Deephole.

J. W. Bradley and wife spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Roberts at Deephole.

Misses Gladys and Georgia Lee Haws and Ruby Dameron made a flying trip to Louisa Saturday.

John Muncey was the pleasant guest of Miss Lillian Bradley Sunday.

Miss Gladys Haws was the guest of Miss Goldie Bradley Monday evening.

Mrs. G. A. Haws and Miss Gee Hutchison Monday.

Charlie May attended church at Busseyville Sunday night.

Thed O'Neal, of Evergreen, spent Saturday night with Gee and Allen Hutchison.

Misses Dell Turner and Sophia Roberts spent Sunday evening with Misses Gladys and Georgia Lee Haws.

Several of their friends spent the afternoon very pleasantly with Gee and Al Hutchison.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry May are visiting relatives in Pikeville. XX

BLAINE.

The pipe line to the oil fields has been completed and the oil turned into the pipe.

George Pack has moved into the house vacated by Bud Swetnam.

Kendrick Williams has returned from Ashland.

Mrs. A. J. Holton and daughter Lexie were calling on her aunt, Mrs. Genoa Jordan, Monday.

Mrs. Julia Moore spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Hester Holton.

Mrs. Lizzie Moore and daughter Ruth were visiting at J. T. Swetnam's last Sunday.

Miss Grace Swetnam was the guest of her cousin Miss Ethel Swetnam a few nights last week.

M. M. Bates made a trip to the oil field last week.

Maurice McGuire and wife were visiting the latter's parents Saturday night and Sunday.

Miss Ella Jay Hewlett was visiting Miss Julia Kouns Saturday afternoon.

SOUTH IS TURNING AGAINST CALOMEL

Mr. Dodson, the "Liver Tone" Man, Responsible for Change for the Better.

Druggist in town has noticed a great falling off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place. "Calomel is dangerous and people know it," Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist who sells it. A large bottle doesn't cost very much but it is safe to give any relief in constipation, just ask for your money back. Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Takes a spoonful at night and wakes up feeling fine; no bloating, sick headache, acid stomach or constipated bowels. It doesn't grip or cause inconvenience all the next day like the violent calomel. Take a dose of calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak, sick and unrefreshed. Don't lose a day.

HAD CHRONIC BRONCHITIS FOR TWENTY-SIX YEARS NOW WELL AND HAPPY THIS IS WORTH READING

The experience of Mr. E. J. Tou-palik, 1438 Rose street, LaCrosse, Wisconsin, is chiefly remarkable on account of the length of time he was afflicted.

He writes: "I have been suffering with chronic bronchitis for twenty-six years and every winter I would catch cold and become so hoarse I could not speak for six or eight weeks. I could get only temporary relief."

"This winter I was taken with Grip and was in awful shape. A fellow workman advised me to take PE-RU-NA. By the time I had used three-fourths of a bottle, the hoarseness was gone, also that tired feeling. I am on my second bottle. Hereafter PE-RU-NA will be constantly in my house. It is the best medicine ever put up for the purpose."

For any disease due to catarrh or catarrhal conditions, PE-RU-NA is equally dependable. Coughs, colds, catarrh of the head, stomach trouble, constipation, rheumatism, bloating, belching gas, indigestion, catarrh of the large and small intestines, are some of the troubles for which PE-RU-NA is especially recommended.

PE-RU-NA can be purchased anywhere in either tablet or liquid form.

DENNIS

Misses Ada Cooksey, Minnie Pennington and Bertha Kitchen were shopping at Dennis Saturday.

Mrs. Daisy Pink's children have the whooping cough.

Several attended the fair at Louisa Friday and Saturday.

Rowland Hutchison and family went to Genoa, W. Va., Friday after his daughter Emma, who has been there for several weeks.

Miss Cosby Alley went to her home near Louisa Thursday. She was accompanied by Miss Gracie Cooksey and Okley Kitchen.

Barton Thompson was calling at Dennis Saturday.

Nellie Caines and Nona Cooksey were calling on Mentie Rice Friday.

Virginia Marie Hutchison was visiting her uncle Sam Fannin Thursday.

Jack Frost is coming soon.

YOUR COLD EASED AFTER FIRST DOSE

"PAPE'S COLD COMPOUND" THEN BREAKS UP A COLD IN A FEW HOURS.

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all the gripe misery. The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages in the head, stops nose running, relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! Clear your congested head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine—Insist upon Pape's!

LICK CREEK

There will be church at Mary's chapel Saturday night by Brother Anderson Moore.

Mrs. Lizzie Dutton was in Charley one day last week.

Harlan Blackburn, Madge See, Bryan Miller and Ree See were out car riding Sunday afternoon.

Corda Pigg was the pleasant guest of Mrs. Rebecca Branham Saturday afternoon.

Everett Pigg left Tuesday for Helliell.

Paul Branham Shannon and Maxwell See were calling on Jack Shannon last Sunday.

Miss Rexie Branham and Madge See were calling on Margie Ida Miller last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bob Hartman, of Louisa are spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Shannon.

JOHNNY ON THE SPOT.

"THERE'S A REASON"

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